

## 9.6

## SM3 Properties of Logarithms 2019-2020

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

1.  $\log_a 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      2.  $\log_a a =$  \_\_\_\_\_      3.  $a^{\log_a M} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
4.  $\log_a a^r =$  \_\_\_\_\_      5.  $\log_a(MN) =$  \_\_\_\_\_      6.  $\log_a\left(\frac{M}{N}\right) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
7.  $\log_a M^r =$  \_\_\_\_\_      8. If  $\log_a x = \log_a 6$ , then  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
9. If  $\log_8 M = \frac{\log_5 7}{\log_5 8}$ , then  $M =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
10. True or False:  $\frac{\ln 8}{\ln 2} = 3$
11. True or False:  $\ln(x+3) - \ln(2x) = \frac{\ln(x+3)}{\ln(2x)}$
12. True or False:  $\log_2(3x^4) = 4\log_2(3x)$

Use properties of logarithms to find the exact value of each expression. Do not use a calculator.

13.  $\log_2 2^{-13}$       14.  $2^{\log_2 7}$       15.  $\log_4 4$       16.  $\ln \sqrt[4]{e}$
17.  $e^{\ln 6}$       18.  $\log_6 1$       19.  $7^{\log_7 6}$       20.  $\log 10,000$
21.  $10^{\log(0.5)}$       22.  $\log_5 \sqrt[3]{25}$       23.  $\log_6 \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{36}}$       24.  $\ln \frac{1}{e}$
25.  $\log 10^{-4}$       26.  $\log \sqrt[3]{10}$       27.  $e^{\ln\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)}$       28.  $\ln e^3$
29.  $10^{\log 14}$       30.  $\ln e$       31.  $10^{\log(5)}$       32.  $\log_2 32$
33.  $\ln 1$       34.  $\log_7 1$       35.  $\ln \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^7}}$

Assuming  $x$  and  $y$  are positive, use properties of logarithms to write the expression as a sum and/or difference of logarithms or multiples of logarithms. Express exponents as factors using the power property. Simplify if possible.

36.  $\ln 4x$

37.  $\log \frac{5}{y}$

38.  $\log y^4$

39.  $\log_6 x^2 y^3$

40.  $\ln \frac{x^3}{y^2}$

41.  $\log_3 x^{-2}$

42.  $\ln(ex)$

43.  $\ln\left(\frac{e}{x}\right)$

44.  $\log_a(u^2 v^3)$

Assuming  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  are positive, use properties of logarithms to write the expression as a single logarithm. Simplify if possible.

45.  $\log y + \log 7$

46.  $\ln y - \ln x$

47.  $\frac{1}{2} \ln y$

48.  $3 \log(xy) - 2 \log(yz)$

49.  $3 \log_5 u + 4 \log_5 v$

50.  $2 \log_3 u - \log_3 v$

Use the Change-of-Base Formula and a calculator to evaluate each logarithm. Round your answer to three decimal places. You must write the Change-of-Base expression.

51.  $\log_3 21$

52.  $\log_5 18$

53.  $\log_2 15$

54.  $\log_6 4$