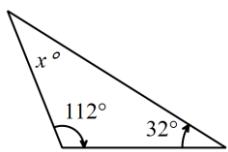
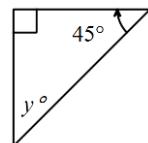
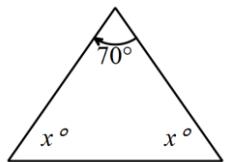
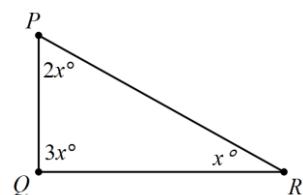
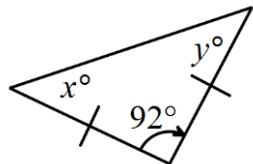
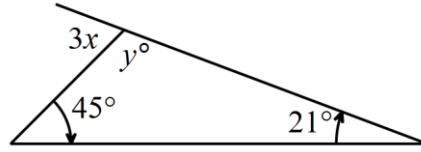
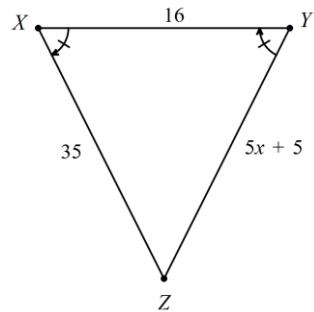
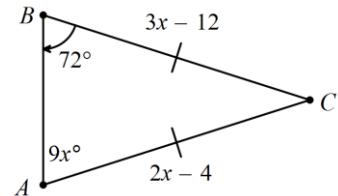


Name: _____

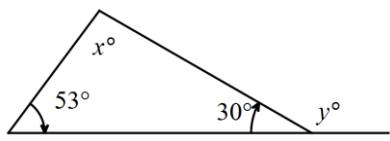
Period: _____

7.4 Triangles

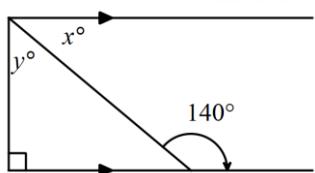
1. Find x .2. Find y .3. Find x .4. Find $m\angle P$, $m\angle Q$, and $m\angle R$.5. Find x and y .6. Find x and y .7. Find x and YZ .8. Find x and $m\angle A$, $m\angle BC$, and $m\angle AC$.

Find the value of x and y .

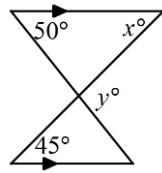
9.



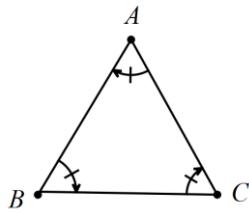
10.



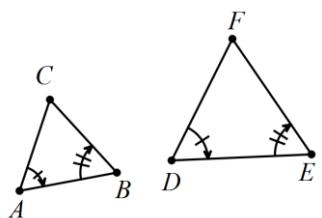
11.



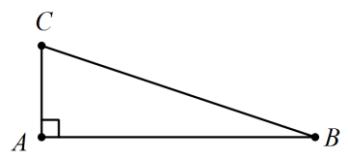
12. If $m\angle A \cong m\angle B \cong m\angle C$,
then find $m\angle A$, $m\angle B$ and $m\angle C$.



13. $m\angle A \cong m\angle D$ and $m\angle B \cong m\angle E$,
then $m\angle \underline{\quad} \cong m\angle \underline{\quad}$

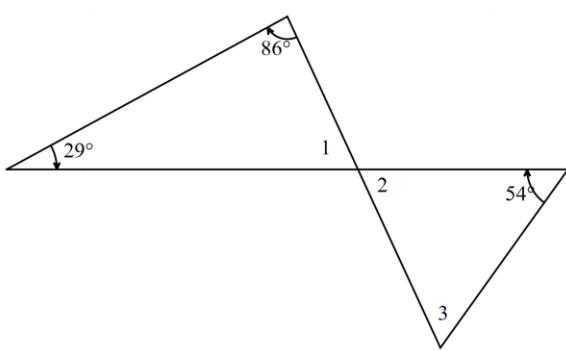


14. If $m\angle A = 90$,
then $m\angle B + m\angle C = \underline{\quad}$

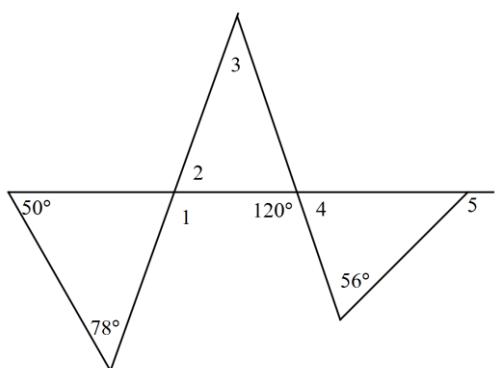


Find the missing angle measures.

15.



16.



$$m\angle 1 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$m\angle 1 = \underline{\quad} \quad m\angle 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

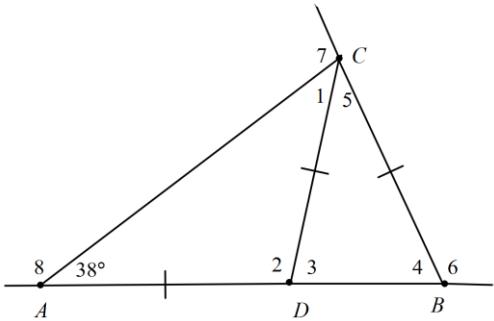
$$m\angle 2 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$m\angle 2 = \underline{\quad} \quad m\angle 5 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$m\angle 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$m\angle 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

17. Find the missing angle measures.



$$m\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

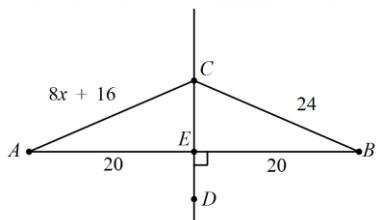
$$m\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

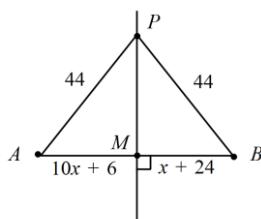
$$m\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

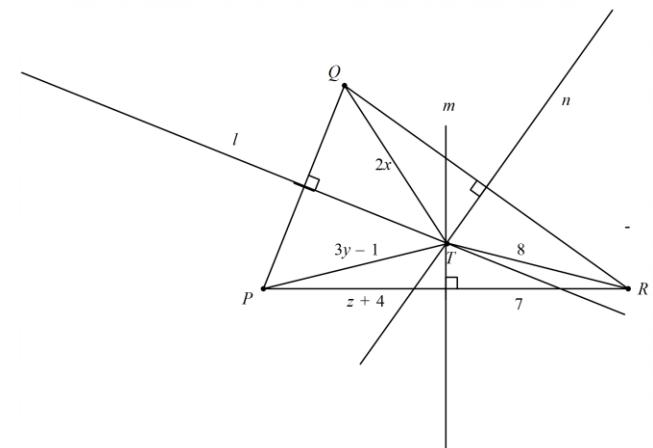
18. Find x and AC .



19. Find x , AM and MB



20. Lines l, m, and n are perpendicular bisectors of triangle PQR. Find x , y , and z .



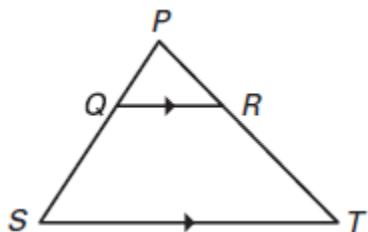
Complete the proportion using the figure to the right.

$$21. \frac{PQ}{QS} = \frac{PR}{?}$$

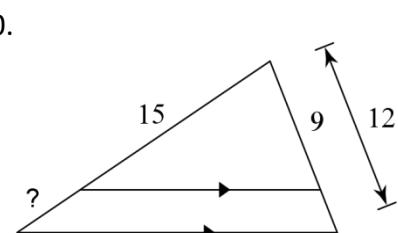
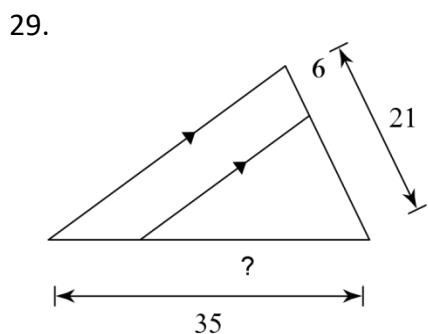
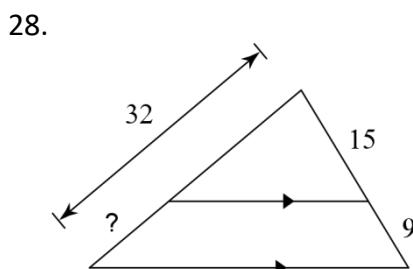
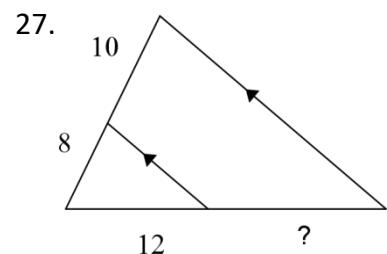
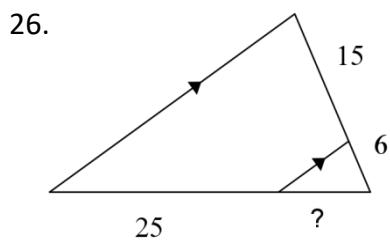
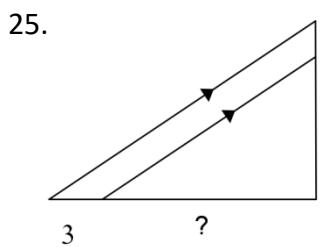
$$22. \frac{?}{TP} = \frac{SQ}{SP}$$

$$23. \frac{PQ}{PS} = \frac{?}{PT}$$

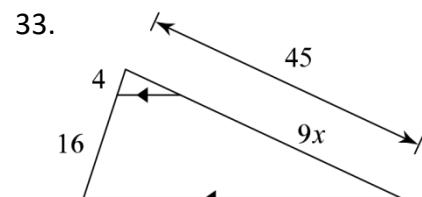
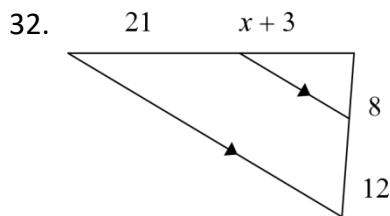
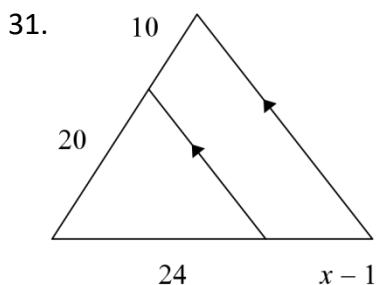
$$24. \frac{TR}{?} = \frac{SQ}{QP}$$



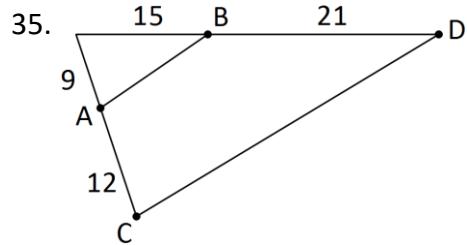
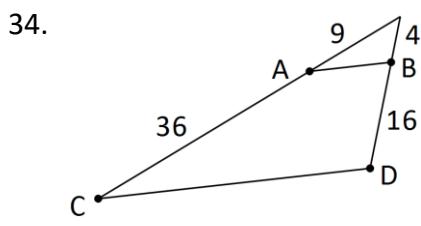
Find the missing length. Show your work!



Solve for x . Show your work!

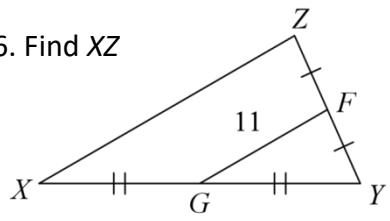


Given each diagram, determine whether $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$. Show work to support your answer!

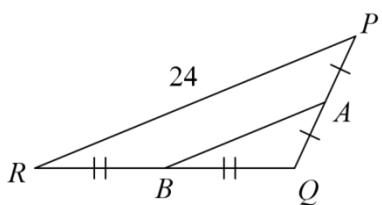


Find the missing length indicated.

36. Find XZ

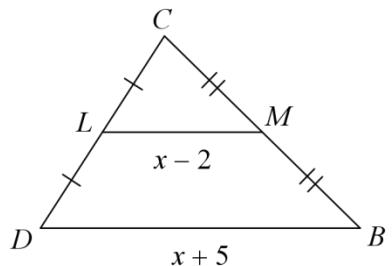


37. Find AB

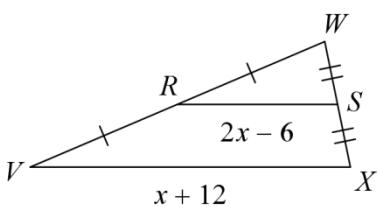


Solve for x . Show your work!

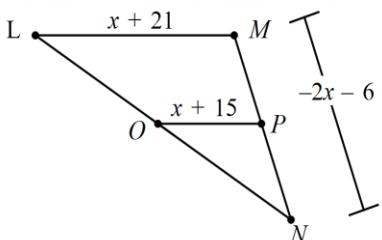
38.



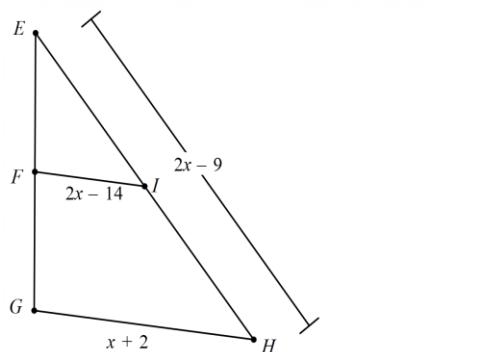
39.



40. If $\overline{MP} = \overline{PN}$ and $\overline{LO} = \overline{ON}$, find OP .



41. If \overline{FI} is the mid segment of $\triangle EGH$, find GH .



The sides of $\triangle DEF$ are all midsegments of $\triangle ABC$. Find each of the requested lengths.

42. $BD = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $DA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $EF = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$CE = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $EB = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $FD = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$CF = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $FA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $DE = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

