

| Vocabulary | Definition | Diagram and Symbols |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A location in space. |  |
|  | Extends forever in two directions. |  |
|  | Part of a line that starts at a point and extends forever in the other direction. |  |
|  | Part of a line with two endpoints. |  |
|  | A flat surface that extends forever. |  |
|  | Two rays (the sides) that share an endpoint (the vertex) |  |
|  | Tells us how wide the opening of an angle is (how much rotation there is between the sides). |  |
|  | Two segments that are the same length. |  |
|  | Two angles with the same measure. |  |
|  | Measure is between $0^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$. |  |
|  | Measure is exactly $90^{\circ}$. |  |
|  | Measure is between $90^{\circ}$ and $180^{\circ}$. |  |
|  | Measure is exactly $180^{\circ}$. |  |
|  | Angles whose measures add up to $90^{\circ}$. |  |


|  | Angles whose measures add up to $180^{\circ}$. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Two angles that are next to each other and <br> share a side and a vertex (like next-door <br> neighbors that share a fence). |  |
|  | Two angles that add up to a straight angle. <br> The non-common sides form a straight line. |  |
|  | The angles in a linear pair are <br> supplementary. |  |
|  | Vertical angles are congruent. <br> The angles across from each other when two |  |
|  | Lines that are equal distance apart, they <br> never intersect |  |

## Examples:

a) Name this angle in as many ways as you can.

b) List all of the information that this diagram gives you.


